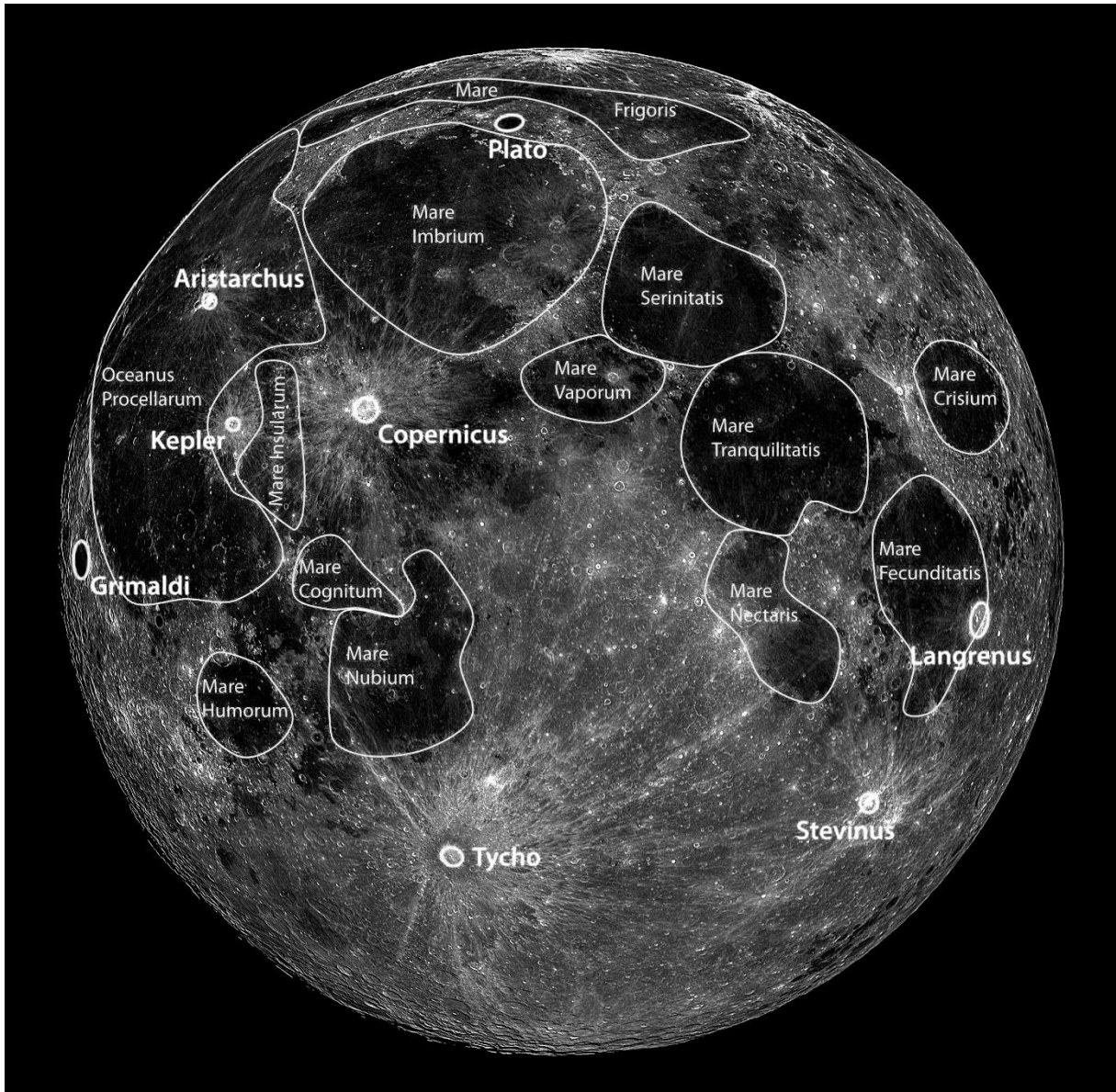
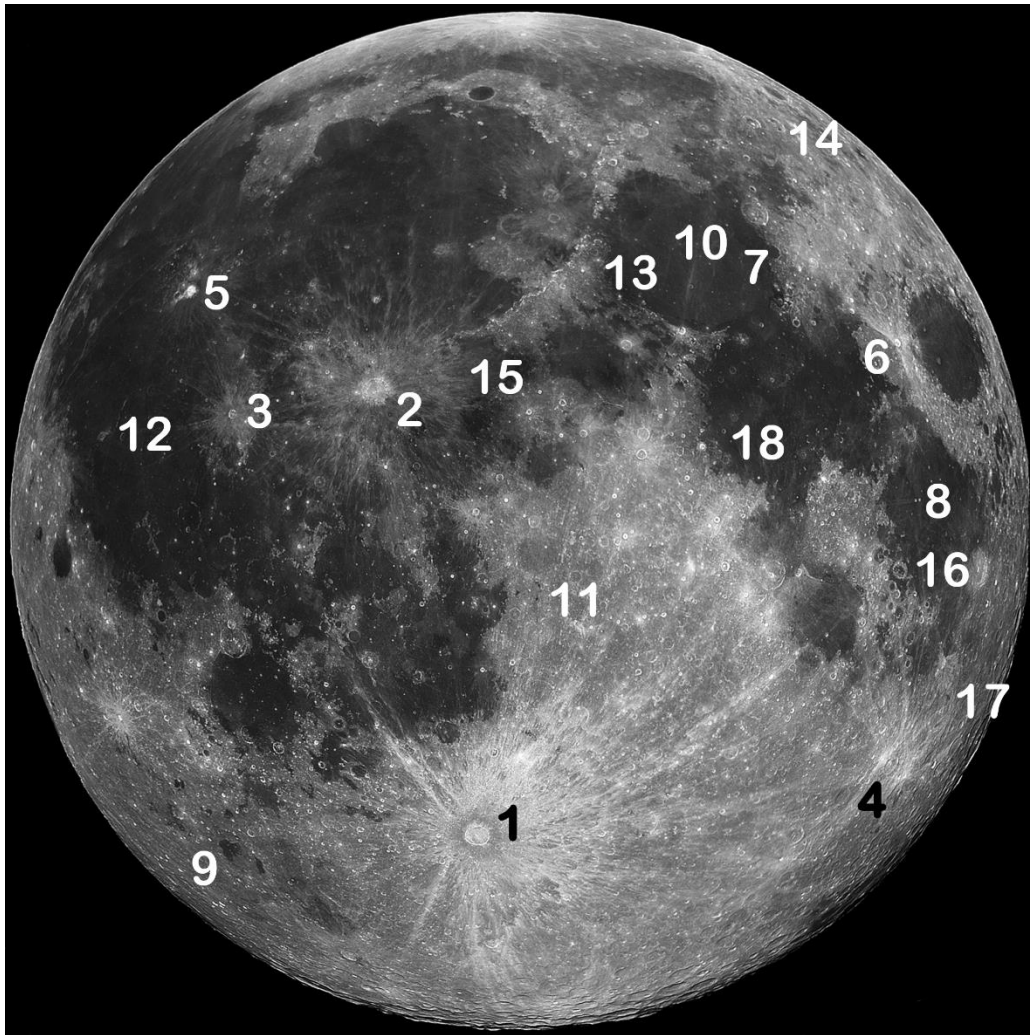


## Waarneemprogramma volle Maan



	oog	bino		oog	bino
zeeën					
Mare Frigoris			Mare Nubium		
Mare Serenitatis			Mare Humorum		
Mare Vaporum			Mare Cognitum		
Mare Tranquillitatis			Mare Insularum		
Mare Crisium			Oceanus Procellarum		
Mare Nectaris			Mare Imbrium		
Mare Fecunditatis					
kraters					
Langrenus (licht)			Kepler (licht)		
Stevinus (licht)			Copernicus (licht)		
Tycho (licht)			Aristarchus (licht)		
Grimaldi (donker)			Plato (donker)		



1	stralenkrans van krater Tycho (L6)	
2	stralenkrans van krater Copernicus (L5)	
3	stralenkrans van krater Kepler	
4	heldere kraters Stevinus A en Furnerius A (de 'koplampen')	
Lunar 100 uitdagingen		
5	Aristarchus, very bright crater with dark bands on its walls (L11)	
6	Proclus, oblique-impact rays (L12)	
7	Mare Serenitatis dark edges, distinct mare areas (L18)	
8	Messier & Messier A, oblique ricochet-impact pair (L25)	
9	Schickard, crater floor with Orientale basin ejecta stripe (L39)	
10	Bessel ray, ray of uncertain origin near Bessel (L41)	
11	Alphonsus dark spots, dark-halo eruptions on crater floor (L47)	
12	Reiner Gamma, conspicuous swirl & magnetic anomaly (L57)	
13	Sulpicius Gallus dark mantle, ash eruptions northwest of crater (L71)	
14	Atlas dark-halo craters, explosive volcanic pits on the floor of Atlas (L72)	
15	Copernicus H, dark-halo impact crater (L74)	
15	Sinus Aestuum, eastern dark-mantle volcanic deposit (L79)	
16	Langrenus rays, aged ray system (L85)	
17	Humboldt, crater with central peaks & dark spots (L87)	
18	Dionysius rays, unusual & rare dark rays (L93)	